

**RECONCILIATION OF WORKING PARENTS WITH THE DEMANDS OF FAMILY LIFE: A STUDY OF BRAZILIAN HOUSEHOLDS**

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This research aimed to investigate the reconciliation of working parents with the demands of family life from studies initiated by the group of researchers FamWok-EU. From the use of the Questionnaire on work and family life, a version adapted by the researchers of the Faculty of Psychology and Educational Sciences, University of Porto and the University of São Paulo aimed to explore how Brazilian families who have small children reconcile the division of work and family. The project was implemented with descriptive purposes and to some extent the intervention because they have evidence to support a program of intervention. From the data that impact the creation of small children in the state of São Paulo / Brazil tried to argue with those derived from studies of international FamWork. Participants were 131 people, mothers and fathers of children in pre-school age, both spouses employed in a region of the state of São Paulo, Brazil. The instrument was used to collect the questionnaire on work and family life in male and female versions. It is the study of variables related to the division of domestic tasks, perception of the needs of children, positive and negative aspects related to the occupation and the presence of conflict by gender. The analysis of quantitative data has gone through treatment, with statistical analysis in most areas investigated with the use of SPSS, version 15.0, using basically the test One-Way ANOVA and Pearson's correlation test. Data show that women in this sample claim to develop more work than their peers. Men assess the distribution of work at home as more fair in comparison with the evaluation of their women. Women perceive a greater number of children's needs compared to their husbands Furthermore, said interacting with the children at a higher frequency than their companions. In turn, men perceive more negative behaviors of their children than their wives. In regard to professionals, men perceive more positive aspects of work and greater understanding within professional than their mates. To understand the larger phenomenon in research factors related to cultural prominence and earn points for future research.